2.□ Applicant claims, small entity status

M & K Enterprises is a general partnership located at 13542 Emperor Dr. in Santa Ana, California 92705. Principals are: James N. Kantorik and Jack W. Mickelson.

3. SPECIFICATION (5 Pages)

☐ Descriptive title of the Invention:

Improved Horsefeeder

☐ References to Related Applications:

5,394,832	3/1995	Beriley
5,899,169	5/1999	Jensen
5,970,912	10/1999	Supple et al
6,055,933	5/2002	Lyden
6,487,373	11/2002	Swetta
6,550,421	4/2003	Sturgis

- ☐ Statement Regarding Federal sponsored R & D

 No Federal funds were involved in the development of this invention.
- ☐ Background of the Invention:

People that own animals as pets assume a great responsibility for the care and feeding of these animals. For a horse this usually entails delivery of a slice of hay or some other form of nourishment on a twice a day basis for the life of the animal. People are not always able to maintain this rigorous daily schedule and usually resort to hired help or good friends to fill in for periods of absence. A need was seen for a dispensing device to allow automatic feeding of the animal for a period of 2 to 3 days allowing the owners a free period for relaxation or other duties. In many situations it will probably be used continuously to relieve the twice a day ritual. The device presented here would allow this absence from duty for up to three days. The mechanism must be sturdy and able to withstand the environment of a typical corral, including an occasional kick by the horse, and yet low in cost to produce and easy to maintain.

☐ Brief Summary of the Invention:

The invention is a cabinet with a series of shelves hinged at one side and retained by a latch at the other side. The shelves may be electrically triggered to drop, by gravity, at preset times, The shelves would hold a slice of hay, or other animal food, and/or medicine, up to about 9 inches thick and would be stack arranged to drop to a feeding trough at pre-selectable times. As each shelf dropped it would open space for the shelf above it to be dropped on the next electrical signal from the timing device. The electronics of the control system is a unique combination of integrated circuits that interact with each other to provide sequencing and duration of the control pulse that controls release of the shelves containing the animal nourishment. The components used in this system are economical and commercially available and have a long history of reliable operation.

☐ Brief Description of the Drawings: (4 Pages)

Figures A-1 through A-4 are photographs of the prototype unit installed at a local ranch. The control box, solenoid box and latch handles are best shown on the side of the cabinet in figures A-1 and A-3. Figure A-2 shows the door on the loading side of the cabinet. Figure A-4 shows the feeding trough which extends across the feeding side of the cabinet.

Figure B-1 is a sketch of the shelf layout in the cabinet. The fixed and slanted shelf at the bottom of the cabinet is meant to direct the feed toward the feeding trough, which is not shown in this drawing.

Figure C-1 is a sketch of the latch assembly internal to the cabinet. Two such hinged tabs were used in the prototype to provide stability to the shelf in the raised position. The square part of the cross bar assembly is secured to the round cross member which runs the full width of the cabinet and extends to the handle on the outside of the cabinet. The square tubing need only be long enough to provide attachment area for the hinged tabs near the center of the round cross bar

Figure D-1 is a block diagram of the sequential control circuit showing the to/from flow of control pulses between the logic elements.

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□ Detailed Description:

The construction of the cabinet and its shelves should be fairly evident from the drawings and pictures provided. Vertical stacking of the feed shelves allows the unit to be used where limited ground space is available. The shelves are hinged at the loading side of the cabinet by a round bar extending the full width of the cabinet and affixed to the shelf.

The latch assembly (depicted by figure C-1) forms the shelf support for the feeding side of the cabinet. The round center bar of the latch assembly extends the full width of the cabinet and is affixed to a handle perpendicular to the bar and extending to the solenoid assembly on one side of the cabinet. The handle has a concentric pin which can be pushed into the solenoid assembly to hold rotation of the handle and cross bar in a fixed position until the solenoid is activated by the timing/counting assembly and pushes the pin from it's latched position

The sequential counting circuit is detailed in the block diagram (Figure D-1). The timing clock is a conventional irrigation type timer; which can be programmed for at least one station and two periods per day. The signal from the timing clock is a TTL type transition from a "0" to a "1" state and interfaced with the TTL circuitry through an optical coupler. An edge detector circuit presents this signal to the 7404 hex inverter, which conditions and cleans the pulse. The pulse is of some finite duration compatible with the requirements of the other ICs in the system. The 7404 then presents the signal to both the 74160 counter IC and to the 74138 BCD decoder IC with appropriate propagation delay to insure proper setting of the 74138 IC when it receives the new BCD count from the 74160 counter. After completion of the count sequence, the 74138 sends a clear signal to the counter IC and count is reduced to zero. Also a reset switch can be pressed at any count to reset the count to zero.